

CRUSHING DEFEAT TO GERMAN-AUSTRIAN ARMIES NEAR WARSAW

was started that eclipsed anything seen here since the opening of the war. Headed by officers in uniform who are waiting orders and by soldiers, a great procession was formed in the Nevsky Prospect. At the head were the flags of Russia, England, France and Belgium and the crowds marched to the Winter Palace, where patriotic songs were sung and many patriotic addresses were made.

Bedouins Reported Massing For a March Against Egypt

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Athens correspondent of the Star wires that serious anti-British demonstrations have occurred at Damascus. The populace is declared to be in favor of war and it is also stated in advices received from Damascus in Athens that the Bedouins are massing under German officers apparently for a march on Egypt.

The correspondent of a news agency at Amsterdam wires that a message received from Cairo says that a strong Turkish cavalry column is moving along the shore of the Gulf of Akabah, northeast of the Red Sea.

German Crews Plotted Raids on Black Sea, London View

LONDON, Oct. 30 (Associated Press).—The view has been expressed in official circles that the Turkish Government may attempt to evade responsibility for the action of its warships in the Black Sea in bombarding Russian ports.

It is suggested that the Porte may throw the onus for this course on the shoulders of the German commanders of its warships, and declare that they acted without orders from the official government.

The report to this, it is said in London, will be a demand that the German officers and crews now in the Turkish navy be sent home within twenty-four hours.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 (Associated Press).—Some diplomats here suggest that the Goeben and Breslau may have bombarded Odessa and other Russian cities on their own initiative. One said the German crew and officers of the two ships might have undertaken the raid under the German flag.

There never has been an exact definition of the status of the vessels. When they entered the Dardanelles it was claimed that Turkey had bought them. The German officers and crew remained despite protests of the Triple Entente.

Turkey's Army on War Footing Is Estimated at 1,000,000 Men

LONDON, Oct. 30 (United Press).—Turkey in entering the war brings to the aid of Germany and Austria a formidable army and a weak navy. The Turkish army on a war footing will number not less than one million men.

Its failure in the Balkan war has been ascribed to the breaking down of the officers and not to any lack of efficiency of the men. Realizing this defect in the present situation, the Germans have already sent 500 officers to the front, and there is now no disposition here to minimize the strength of the new enemy.

The Turkish first line troops (the Nizam) are supposed to spend three years with the colors and six years with the reserves. From there they go into the second line (the Redif) and afterward into the third class (the Mustahfiz). Most of the troops of these classes have already been called to the colors.

The Turkish navy before the addition of the Goeben and the Breslau consisted of three old battleships and two small cruisers of doubtful fighting value and eight destroyers, three torpedo-gunboats and nine torpedo-boats, the latter all good fighting craft. The Goeben and the Breslau retain their German crews, and it is also reported here that many German naval officers have recently reported to the Turkish navy for service.

Incidentally the Turkish navy has lately been reorganized by British naval officers.

LONDON, Oct. 30 (Associated Press).—The Russian Ambassador at Constantinople has been withdrawn, according to official announcement made here to-day. Instructions have been sent to Russian Consuls in Turkey to leave the country.

PARIS, Oct. 30 (United Press).—News that Turkey has joined issues with Germany and Austria against the allies was accepted by the high military officials as an admission by Germany that she is unable to make gains either in the east or the west.

The bringing into the conflict of the Turkish army, liberally officered by Germans, is expected here immediately to force Italy's hand.

Representatives of the Foreign Office are reported to have left Bordeaux last night for the Indian capital.

American Property Damaged By the Bombardment of Odessa

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 (Associated Press).—Acting Secretary Lansing to-day received a telegram from American Charge d'Affaires Wilson at Petrograd saying Odessa has been bombarded and some American property destroyed.

The American consul at Odessa said he would send a fuller report later on the extent of American property damaged. He did not say by whom the bombardment was done, but it is presumed here that it was Turkish ships.

Charge Wilson's despatch was dated "Petrograd, Oct. 29, 7 P. M." and spoke of the bombardment as having taken place "last night." Evidently meaning Wednesday.

Because of persistent rumors of possible anti-Christian uprisings as a result of general disturbances, Ambassador Morgenthau at one time advised that an American warship be sent to Turkish waters for salutary effect and to lend aid to Americans in case of an emergency.

The cruisers North Carolina and Tennessee, which were sent to Europe with gold for relief purposes, are now and probably will be maintained in the Eastern Mediterranean. Recently these rumors subsided, and for the last fortnight the belief prevailed among State Department officials that the situation had passed its danger point.

Minister Schlegelmann, the German Envoy, suggested that it was possible that the reported action of the Turkish warships might have been prompted by a mutiny of the crew, as the case of the Potemkin in the Russian revolution.

That the conflict might extend to Egypt, Persia or Arabia, with the possibility of the Japanese fleet supporting operations of the allies, has been discussed here. When reports were current of unrest among Muslims in India it was made clear that Japan would offer her services to Great Britain, feeling that the spirit of the Anglo-Japanese alliance compelled her to support her ally in maintaining the special interests of England in Eastern Asia.

The Greek navy, with its two American battleships, formerly the Idaho and the Mississippi, must be reckoned with if the war becomes general in Southern Europe.

AMERICAN RED CROSS SENIOR SURGEONS MADE GENERALS IN RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD, Russia, Oct. 30, via London (Associated Press).—The members of the American Red Cross unit detailed to Russia left Petrograd last night on a special train bound for Kiev, where they expect to begin work immediately. Before leaving the two senior surgeons were given commissions in the Russian army, with the rank of general, while the four juniors were each given the rank of colonel.

All the surgeons were clad in the regular Russian army uniforms, without insignia to indicate their American nationality. In Petrograd they everywhere were taken for bona fide Russian officers. Whole battalions of soldiers on meeting them halted and came to present arms, while officers twice their age, but of inferior rank, paid them due respect.

WHEAT PRICES SOAR ON WAR MOVE MADE BY TURKEY AGAINST RUSSIA.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—Hostilities between Turkey and Russia caused a general dash to-day to the buying side in the wheat market here. As a result prices opened 2 1/2 cents a bushel above last night's level. May wheat touching \$1.25 as against \$1.19 1/2 at the previous close.

BELGIUM'S HARD WORKED LITTLE ARMY TAKING A REST



A REST PERIOD FOR THE BELGIANS. (AM. PRESS ASSOCIATION)

Turkey's Entrance Into War May Bring In 3,371,000 More Men

The entrance of Turkey into the European war may bring 3,371,000 more men and the navies of three nations into the struggle. If Italy and the Balkan States abandon neutrality the final lineup is likely to be as follows:

| FOR THE GERMANS: | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| TURKEY— | |
| Army on war footing..... | 1,000,000 |
| Navy—35 warships, with crews of..... | 31,000 |
| Total men..... | 1,031,000 |
| FOR THE ALLIES: | |
| ITALY— | |
| Army on war footing..... | 1,200,000 |
| Navy—169 ships, with crews of..... | 80,000 |
| GREECE— | |
| Army on war footing..... | 150,000 |
| Navy—41 ships, with crews of..... | 30,000 |
| BULGARIA— | |
| Army on war footing..... | 330,000 |
| ROMANIA— | |
| Army on war footing..... | 500,000 |
| Total men..... | 2,340,000 |

OFFICIAL GERMAN REPORT.

French Line Broken at Verdun, Rheims Is Again Bombarded

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—German general headquarters gives out this report on the campaign:

Our attacks to the south of Nieuport are slowly gaining ground. At Ypres the battle is unchanged.

To the west of Lille our troops are making good progress. Several fortified positions of the enemy have been taken. Sixteen British officers and 300 men, as well as four cannons, have been captured.

French counter attacks everywhere have been repulsed. A French battery stationed before the Cathedral of Rheims and artillery observers posted on the steeple of the Cathedral have been bombarded.

In the Argonne region the enemy was chased from several trenches and some machine guns were captured.

To the southwest of Verdun severe French attacks have been repulsed. In counter attacks our troops succeeded in breaking through the French lines to the main position of the enemy, which was occupied. The French suffered terrible losses.

To the east of the Moselle all the attempts of the enemy have been repulsed.

BERLIN, Oct. 30 (by wireless telegraph to Sayville, L. I.).—Germany has notified Great Britain, through James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador in Berlin, that if German civilians in England, excepting those against whom there are grounds of suspicion, are not liberated by Nov. 5, all British subjects in Germany will be similarly arrested. The feeling on this subject in Berlin is high.

JAPAN WOULD FREE ASIA FROM YANKEE INFLUENCE, BERLIN PRESS IS TOLD.

BERLIN, Oct. 30 (by wireless to Sayville, L. I.).—Press information given out in official German circles to-day says:

"It is believed here the South African revolt may take on large proportions, as Gen. de Wet and Beyers are highly respected leaders of the Boer nation."

"Dr. Rhombert, former counselor of the German Embassy at Tokio, in an interview explains that it is Japan's aim to free Asia from European and American influence and to substitute China to Japanese supremacy."

"The German War Material Company, Ltd., announces the stocks of copper in Germany are sufficient even for a war lasting a long time and that private industries also may be supplied."

"An Irish workman, writing in an Irish newspaper, declares that Ireland's participation in the war on the side of England would not correspond with Irish interests."

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Netherlands steamer Coblenz sailed from the River

FIGHTING SO CLOSE GERMAN GUNS HAVE TO CEASE FIRING

Thousands of Wounded Returning to Flanders From Battlefield.

LONDON, Oct. 30 (Associated Press).—In a despatch from Amsterdam a correspondent of the Central News quotes the representative at Ostend of the newspaper Tyd to the effect that thousands of wounded Germans are returning from the battlefield in Flanders. Loaded into all kinds of vehicles the sad procession of wounded men is moving northward; those not so seriously hurt are traveling on foot.

Thousands of unburied bodies cover the battlefield, the correspondent continues, and no one can form an adequate idea of the awful number of victims falling every moment in this mad fight.

Between Ypres and Middelkerke the German guns have ceased firing for the reason that the shells would kill German troops as well as the soldiers of the allies. Consequently only hand-to-hand fighting is taking place.

COURT-MARTIAL OF SPY, FIRST IN MANY YEARS, NOW ON IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A court-martial, the first convened in England for many generations to try a spy, met to-day under the presidency of Lord Chelmsford, at the Middlesex Guild Hall, in the shadow of Westminster Abbey, for the trial of Carl Hans Lody, alias "Charles A. Inglis, on the charge of espionage.

Prosecutor Archibald H. Rodkin, opening the case, declared that the crime of giving information to an enemy was properly tryable by a court-martial, and that the defendant was an alien enemy—a German subject—although he spoke English fluently, with an American accent.

The prosecutor said the accused had posed as an American tourist and visited Edinburgh, London, Liverpool and Dublin. On Aug. 1 he received a passport from the American Embassy in Berlin under the false name of Charles A. Inglis. Late in August, Lody arrived in this country, going to Edinburgh and from there to various other places.

The prosecutor alleged that the accused had sent valuable reports to Berlin. OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 30.—The man on trial in London for espionage is supposed to be a former resident of Omaha. He married the daughter of Gottlieb Storz, a wealthy brewer of Omaha, but she divorced him about a year ago. He was in the employment of the Union Pacific Railroad while here.

"A LONG WAY TO BERLIN" IS THE GERMAN TWIST TO BRITISH WAR SONG.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, has a German parody of the popular Irish song, "A Long Way to Tipperary," which he is showing to his friends. It is entitled "A Long Way to Berlin," and was sent to him anonymously, signed "From Ireland's Headquarters in New York." The verse is as follows:

It's a long way to Berlin— A hell of a way to go— A long way to Berlin— And soon it begins to snow.

Before we meet the Kaiser, Before we drink his beer, It's a long, long way to Berlin— Now give us a little cheer.

White Rose CEYLON TEA

RUSSIANS WIN TWO BIG NEW VICTORIES, NO QUARTER GIVEN

German Army Reported Split in Two, Forced to Stop Retreat and Fight.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A despatch from Bucharest Roumania, to the Times dated Wednesday and which was delayed in transmission, says that the Russians, after beating the Austrians at Bojana, have re-occupied Czernowitz, capital of the province of Bukowina.

RUSSIANS FORCE ENEMY TO STOP RETREAT AND FIGHT LOSING BATTLE.

Official Cable From a Correspondent of the World and the London Morning Post. Copyright, 1914, by The Press Publishing Co. (The New York World).

PETROGRAD, Oct. 30.—The Russians have won another great victory, which marks in all probability the penultimate stage of the struggle in the east. German and Austrian armies operating from the northernmost position in about the same latitude as Warsaw down to well south of the Iishanka River have been broken in two.

The northern part, which was defeated a week or more ago in an attempt to march into Warsaw, is still fighting desperately north of the River Pilica.

South of that river the Grand Duke Nicholas has inflicted a heavy defeat upon the Germans, who are in full retreat, leaving a gap between the two main groups of armies equal to one day's march.

The chief significance of the Russian victory lies in the fact that these armies have been cut off from the Pilica and are retreating southwestward on their base. There is no longer before the advancing Russians a front of one German army, but two entirely isolated beaten forces. The victory is once more strategic and the Russian commanders may be fully counted on to stimulate the retreat into a dissolution of the armies as a fighting force.

North of the Pilica the Germans are fighting desperately, which looks as if all hopes of reaching their fortified positions on the Warthe River have been abandoned and the Russians have succeeded in bringing them to a standstill and forcing them to fight where it best suits the Russians.

VICTORY AFTER FOUR DAYS OF SEVERE FIGHTING.

The victory has been won by four days of the most severe fighting on a front extending from Bielsobzerg, on the river Pilica, twelve miles west of the Vistula, southeastward through Gliwice and Politzna to Janowitz, which is on the left bank of the Vistula, opposite to the village of Kasimierz. The length of this front is forty-two miles.

North of the Pilica the Germans were driven from fifty to seventy miles back from the line of the Vistula. South of the Pilica they were one march further forward in the immediate vicinity of the river.

Regular, huge, short, stout, conservatively dressed, many with patch pockets and a few with medals, they were seen only once during the day.

THE WILLARD CO., 841 Broadway, Cor. 13th St.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED: An experienced assistant in shoe store, who is neat, efficient, in charge of stock, and has references. Apply to J. J. Sullivan, 121 E. 12th St., between 9 and 10 o'clock Sunday morning.

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Special for Friday Oct. 30th
CHOCOLATE COVERED COCA-NUT ROYALS—The basis of this delectable is the choicest Ceylon tea, cream, and blended with Sugar Cream, and inclosed in a jacket of our finest milk chocolate. Our price, each box 10c.

Special for Saturday, Oct. 31st
EXTRA CELEBRATION FEATURE!
TERCENTENARY SWEETS—A Big Offering for a Big Event. The assortment presents three different varieties of delicious dainties: Assorted Hard Candies, Chocolate Covered Assorted Creams and a choice collection of Crystallized Jellies. All in one box. Not 40 cents, as you may expect, although they are fully worth it; but Friday and Saturday only. **15c**

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CHOCOLATE COVERED COCA-NUT ROYALS—The basis of this delectable is the choicest Ceylon tea, cream, and blended with Sugar Cream, and inclosed in a jacket of our finest milk chocolate. Our price, each box 10c.

MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED FRESH MALAGA GRAPES—This insouciant fruit was brought to perfection under the glowing sunshine of California, and has an abundance of sweet, natural juice. The grapes are delicious in sugar cream, each group is lavishly covered with our Premium Milk Chocolate, unexcelled in richness, delicacy and taste. **29c**

WE ALSO OFFER:
MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED FRESH PINEAPPLE—The fruit used in the preparation of this sweet is the finest of its species; ripened to the very peak of perfection, and just plucked from the vine. The pineapple is first cut into generous portions, each given a bath in our sugar cream, and lavishly covered with our Premium Milk Chocolate, unexcelled in richness, delicacy and taste. **39c**

HALLOWE'EN CANDY BOXES, LANTERNS AND NOV. 1ST. All sorts and kinds: Devil Heads, Skulls, Pumpkins, etc., etc., etc., every thing in line of the Fall and the Night of Mystery. Immense Assortment. **10c**